

PART I—Section 2.

GENERAL.

No. 71—G. M. 313-16-1, dated Camp Mysore, 9th October 1916.

The following Rescript from His Highness the Maharaja to the Dasara Representative Assembly, 1916, is published for general information.

RESRIPT FROM HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA SRI KRISHNARAJA WODEYAR
SAHAJIB, G.C.S.I. TO THE DASARA REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY, 1916.

It is now thirty-five years since my august father, Maharaja Sri Chamarajendra Wodeyar, sanctioned the constitution of the Dasara Representative Assembly in order to bring the officers of the Government into closer touch with the leaders of the people and to enable the latter to lay their grievances and aspirations personally before Government.

The Representative Assembly has more than fulfilled the expectations which were formed at the time of its institution, and I have observed with gratification the intelligence and moderation which have marked its deliberations, and the increasing interest which its members have been showing in all questions of public importance connected with the administration of my State.

It is my earnest desire to increase still further the mutual confidence between the officers of the State and the representatives of the people and to enable the latter to understand and identify themselves still more closely with the policy of Government.

I have therefore resolved to sanction the holding of a second session of the Representative Assembly every year.

I feel confident that this measure of reform will promote both the welfare of my people and the efficiency of my administration.

KRISHNARAJA WODEYAR.

No. 2282 L. B. 68-16-3, dated 10th October 1916.

The following notice issued by the Collector of South Canara is hereby republished for general information:—

"It is hereby notified for the information of the public that the anasing cattle fair at Kulgunda in the Subramanya village of the Uppinangady Taluk, South Canara District, will commence on the 9th November 1916 and close on the 25th idam. Cattle will be admitted into the fair grounds four days in advance of the date on which the fair opens, i.e., on and after the 5th November."

No. G. 4846—G. M. 102-16-86, dated 16th October 1916.

In continuation of Government Notification No. G. 3556—G. M. 102-16-77, dated 12th September 1916, the following Notification No. 7749-W.-II, dated 26th August 1916 of the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, is hereby republished for general information.

"In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Ordinance, 1916, (IV of 1916) the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following additions and alterations shall be made in the Schedule appended in this Department Notification No. 5558-W.-II, dated the 8th July 1916, viz.—

Additions.

Ali Hassanoff	...	...	Shanghai
Aliett Ouskouh	...	...	"
Bulsara Brothers	...	...	Tientsin
Donaldson, H. B.	...	...	Peking
Ku, Yuan and Company	...	...	Chefoo
Kukushkin, A. G.	...	...	Harbin
Lerner, M. J.	...	...	"
Lasarovitch, D. M.	...	...	"
Red Hand Compositions, Ltd.	...	...	"
Smith, F. W.	...	...	Chefoo
Sung, Y. S.	...	...	Shanghai
Taising Printing Office	...	...	Hankow
Westinghouse Electric Export Coy.	...	...	Shanghai
Wong Kwei Check	...	...	"

Alterations.

For "British Flower Shop" read "British Flower Shop, Shanghai".

For "McMullan and Company" read "McMullan, James and Company Ltd., Chefoo".

Delete the entry "Sanatogen Company".

No. G. 4875—G. M. 102-16, dated 18th October 1916.

In continuation of Government Notification No. G. 4862—G. M. 102-16-83, dated 27th September 1916, the following Notification No. 8609-W.-II, dated 18th September 1916 of the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, amending the list of published and restricted exports from the United Kingdom, is hereby republished for general information.

No. 8609-W.-II.—The following Order in Council is published for general information:—

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL.

The 15th day of August 1916.

BY THE LORDS OF HIS MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is provided by Section 3 of the Customs (Exportation Prohibition) Act, 1914, that any Proclamation or Order in Council made under Section 8 of the Customs and Inland Revenue Act, 1879, as amended by the Act now in recital, may, whilst a state of war exists, be varied or added to by an Order made by the Lords of the Council on the recommendation of the Board of Trade:

And whereas it is provided by Section 2 of the Customs (Exportation Restriction) Act, 1914, that any Proclamation made under Section 1 of the Exportation of Arms Act, 1900, may, whether the Proclamation was made before or after the passing of the Act now in recital, be varied or added to, whilst a state of war exists, by an Order made by the Lords of the Council on the recommendation of the Board of Trade:

And whereas by a Proclamation, dated the 10th day of May 1916, and made under Section 8 of the Customs and Inland Revenue Act, 1879, and Section 1 of the Exportation of Arms Act, 1900, and Section 1 of the Customs (Exportation Prohibition) Act, 1914, the exportation from the United Kingdom of certain articles to certain or all destinations was prohibited:

And whereas by subsequent Orders of Council the said Proclamation was amended and added to in certain particulars:

And whereas there was this day read at the Board a recommendation from the Board of Trade to the following effect:—

That the Proclamation, dated the 10th day of May 1916, as amended and added to by subsequent Orders of Council, should be further amended by making the following amendments in and additions to the schedule to the same:—

(1) That the following headings should be deleted:—

- (a) Black plates for tinning exported in boxes;
- (b) Cork and cork dust and articles wholly manufactured from cork or cork dust or both;
- (c) Feathers and down;
- (d) Fibers, vegetable, not otherwise specially prohibited, and yarns made therefrom;
- (A) Iron and steel plates and sheets (except black plates for tinning exported in boxes, tin-plates, terne-plates, and lead-coated sheets);
- (c) Railway material, both fixed and rolling stock (except railway waggons and their component parts, steel rails, steel sleepers, steel springs, wheels, axles, and tyres);
- (b) Railway waggons and their component parts (except steel springs, and wheels, axles, and tyres);
- (c) Sparking plugs;
- (c) Terne-plates and receptacles made from terne-plates;
- (c) Tin-plates and receptacles made from tin-plates.

(2) That the following headings should be added:—

- (A) Bearings, ball and roller, and steel balls and rollers suitable for bearing;
- (B) Cadmium, alloys of cadmium and cadmium ore;
- (c) Cork and cork dust and articles manufactured from cork or cork dust;
- (A) Cryolite;
- (A) Curry combs;
- (A) Dandy brushes;
- (c) Feathers and down, except wing and tail feathers of the ostrich;

- (c) Fibres, vegetable, not otherwise specifically prohibited, and cordage, twine, and yarns made therefrom;
- (A) Iron and steel plates and sheets;
- (A) Lead-coated sheets;
- (c) Linoleum;
- (A) Railway carriages, locomotives, and waggons, and their components parts;
- (c) Railway material (except railway carriages, locomotives, and waggons, and their component parts, steel rails and steel sleepers);
- (c) Silicon-spiegel;
- (A) Sparking plugs;
- (A) Terne-plates and receptacles made from terne-plates;
- (A) Tin-plates and receptacles made from tin-plates;

Now, therefore, Their Lordships, having taken the said recommendation into consideration, are pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the same be approved.

Whereof the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs and Excise, the Director of the War Trade Department, and all other persons whom it may concern, are to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

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No. G. 4892—G. M. 282-16-2, dated 17th October 1916.

The following rules for the working of the Telephone line between the Nandi Railway Station and the Nandi Hill are published for general information:—

"There are 3 instruments installed, No. 1 at Nandi Railway Station, No. 2 at Motor Shed at Sultanpet and No. 3 at Inspection Lodge on the Hill. These will be worked in parallel, and each station will be distinguished by long and short rings in the following manner:—

Inspection Lodge on the Hill will be 1 long ring.
Motor Shed at Sultanpet will be 1 long and 1 short.
Nandi Railway Station will be 2 short rings.

2. The Station Master at Nandi Station, the Watchman and the Hill Office Storekeeper will be the telephone Operators at Nandi Station, the Motor Shed at Sultanpet, and at the Inspection Lodge on the Hill, respectively.

3. Except the Operators as noted in paragraph 2 above and the persons who wish to have telephonic conversation, none else will be permitted to handle the instruments.

4. The telephone line is intended for the use both of Government Officers and of the public, the latter being charged at the following rates:—

For every message consisting of not more than 15 words, a compound word counting as one—1 anna.

For messages of more than 15 words and less than 25—two annas, up to 50—three annas, and for every subsequent 15 words or a fraction thereof—1 anna additional. If on the other hand, persons wish to have telephonic conversation by themselves, they can do so, paying at the rate of annas 4 for every conversation of five minutes. If extra time more than five minutes is occupied, the person will pay an additional 4 annas for every additional five minutes or fraction thereof.

In this case, the duration is reckoned from the time the person takes the receiver for conversation to the time he replaces the receiver on the instrument.

5. The public are requested to make payment at the above rates before the message is given for transmission or the instrument is given to them for conversation and to obtain a receipt therefor from the authorised person in the prescribed printed form.

6. A regular record will be maintained by the Operators at the Railway Station and on the Hills in counterfoil books, specially supplied for the purpose, of messages received and despatched and also the duration of time allowed for each conversation by persons other than Government Officers when using the telephone for transmitting Government messages. The original of such messages, together with the cash account, must be sent by the Station Master to the Superintendent, Government Gardens, every week, for check, together with the money-remittance-receipt granted by him.

7. Fees collected from all the stations for telephone messages transmitted should be received by the Station Master, Nandi Railway Station, every day and receipts granted therefor. The amount received should be credited in his books and accounted for in the same manner as is done with his station collections.

8. The public are requested to bring to the notice of the Superintendent, Government Gardens, Bangalore, any case of inattention or want of courtesy on the part of the Operators."

G. 4897—G. M. 300-16-2, dated 17th October 1916.

The following notice issued by the Mysore Residency regarding passports and passes for persons proceeding to Mesopotamia, is hereby republished for general information:—

PASSPORT NOTICE.

The following special Indian Army Order, dated the 13th September 1916, is republished for information. For the purpose of passports, Mesopotamia includes Mohammerah.

Discipline General—Instructions regarding passports and passes required by individuals proceeding to Mesopotamia.

All private individuals desiring to proceed to Mesopotamia must obtain passports, both for themselves and for any servants accompanying them. These passports must be *visé* by the General Staff at the port of embarkation and shown before embarking to the Embarkation Staff Officer who will inform the Embarkation Staff Officer at the port of disembarkation by telegram of all such movements.

2. Discretion as to the grant of the military *visé* is left to the local General Officer Commanding, and only doubtful cases should be referred to Army Headquarters.

3. Military Officers, civil officials and others (including private servants) proceeding on duty, whether travelling by Government transport or otherwise, do not require passports.

But except when proceeding on duty with a unit or draft all the abovementioned, whether travelling by Government transport or otherwise, must obtain a "movement order" signed by the Officer Commanding their original station of departure, or in the case of civilians from non-military stations by a responsible civil officer or officer arranging despatch. This "movement order" must be *visé* by the Embarkation Staff Officer at the port of embarkation before embarking, and again shown to the Embarkation Staff Officer at the port of disembarkation.

4. Any one taking a servant or servants must enter on his own "movement order" the name, father's name, village, tehsil or police station, and district of each servant before the "movement order" is *visé* by the Embarkation Staff Officer.

5. Servants sent out to officers and others already in Mesopotamia must be provided by the despatching officer or official with a pass showing his name, father's name, village, tehsil or police station, district and the name of the officer individual or unit to which he is proceeding. This pass must be *visé* by the Embarkation Staff Officer before embarkation and shown to the embarkation staff officer at the port of disembarkation.

6. Followers or labourers, except those to whom a "movement order" is issued, when proceeding under orders individually, must be provided with passes as above by the officer or official arranging their despatch. When travelling in batches they must be accompanied by a roll giving the above information. These passes or rolls must be *visé* by the Embarkation Staff Officer and checked by the Disembarkation Staff Officer, as above.

(Sd). T. H. ST. GEORGE TUCKER,
First Assistant Resident.

No. G. 4905—G. M. 102-16, dated 17th October 1916.

In continuation of Government Notification No. G. 3969—G. M. 102-16-80, dated 18th September 1916, the following telegram No. 8687-W-1, dated 15th September 1916, from the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, to the Collectors of Customs, Calcutta and Madras, is hereby republished for general information:—

"My telegram 21st August, 7527-W-1. Mica for Mitsubishi should be consigned to British Consul at Nagasaki."

No. J-1262—Cls. 17-16-8, dated 16th October 1916.

Under Section 3 (1) of the Mysore Village Courts Regulation, 1916, the Government are pleased to establish a Village Court in the village of Nagasamudra, Molakalmuru Taluk, with effect from 1st December 1916.

The Court shall have and exercise jurisdiction over the whole of the Nagasamudra village.

No. 2294—San. dated 16th October 1916.

The following Notification of the Madras Government is republished for general information:—

Whereas the Governor in Council is satisfied that there is danger of an outbreak of plague at Gummalapuram in the Hosur Taluk of the Salem District, if persons from the infected parts of the Salem, Coimbatore and North Arcot Districts, the Mysore State and other parts declared to be infected with plague are permitted to visit that place on the occasion of the ensuing Sri Gauramma jatra:

In exercise of the powers delegated to him under the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897, the Governor in Council prohibits the attendance at the said festival from the 15th to 29th October 1916, inclusive, of persons from the said parts.

All persons proceeding to the said festival in contravention of this notification will be turned back.

By Order,
D. M. NARASINGA RAO,
Secretary to Government,
General Department.

REVENUE.

No. 2301—L. B. 57-16-2, dated 16th October 1916.

Under Rule 8 (1) of the revised Local Board Rules, the election of the Treasury Assistant Commissioner by the Kadur District Board as its Vice-President is hereby confirmed.

By Order,
L. KRISHNA RAO,
Offg. Secretary to Government,
Revenue Department.

FINANCIAL.

No. Fl. 1118—G. F. 23-14-2, dated 7th September 1914.

Government are pleased to notify for the information of the public that the facilities now afforded to effect purchases and sales of securities appertaining to the Mysore State Loan of 1906-07 are extended to the Bowringpet-Kolar Railway Debentures.

2. Intending purchasers and sellers of the Bowringpet-Kolar Railway Debentures may hereafter apply to the Assistant Comptroller in charge of the State Huzur Treasury, Bangalore.

3. The same conditions and procedure as are applicable to the transactions relating to Government Securities, laid down in Government Order No. Fl. 878-923—G. F. 491-11-2, dated 20th August 1912, reproduced below, will in their entirety apply also to the sale and purchase transactions of the Bowringpet-Kolar Railway Debentures.

4. Deputy Commissioners are requested to arrange for English and Kanarese copies of this notification being posted in all District and Taluk Treasuries.

By Order,
J. S. CHAKRAVARTI,
Financial Secretary.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

No. Fl. 878-923—G. F. 491-11-2, DATED BANGALORE, 20TH AUGUST 1912.

ORDER.—As there is reason to believe that sufficient facilities do not exist for bringing together persons wishing to sell and those wishing to purchase the securities appertaining to the State Loan of 1906-07, the Government are pleased to direct that the Comptroller should arrange to keep in the State Huzur Treasury a register in which should be noted all particulars including value, rate, etc., relating to the intended purchase or sale of the Mysore State Securities by any member of the public. Any one willing to purchase or sell such securities should communicate his desire to the Comptroller in the State Huzur Treasury Department with all necessary particulars where on the necessary entries in the register aforesaid should be made. When the Comptroller finds from the entries in the register that he can accommodate an intending buyer and an intending seller, he will ask the buyer if he is willing to purchase the securities required at the rate fixed by the seller. The name and address of the seller and a brief account of his title to the paper obtained from him will also be furnished to the buyer. If he agrees and pays into the nearest treasury an amount sufficient to cover cost, interest accrued and commission, the seller will be requested to effect a suitable endorsement on the security and transmit it to the State Huzur Treasury. The security will then be transmitted to the buyer through the local treasury and the buyer will take delivery of it after examining the paper and scrutinising the endorsements so as to be satisfied about the title. The money will afterwards be made payable to the seller from any treasury in the State according to his convenience.